

OVERVIEW (1/4)

- Respect for Indigenous Knowledge is critical
- CCG should come visit with us
- More resources are needed across communities
- Better positioning of resources across the Arctic is needed for rapid deployment
- Communities themselves are best-positioned to respond quickly, regional centres should be better utilized
- Is there a role for new technologies to play (e.g. drones)?



OVERVIEW (2/4)

- Red tape must be addressed, the right people are needed around the table
- Importance of identifying the right community contacts
- Some regions and communities are having to take the lead with securing resources, developing training
- Jurisdiction confusion and passing the buck is a time delay when lives are at risk
- Visit the communities, come see who we are and what we do. Bring information, be visible.



OVERVIEW (3/4)

- Climate change monitoring and links to search and rescue capacity
- People are traveling further to harvest, higher level of risk taking because of pressures to provide, more challenging for rescues
- Gaps in who has jurisdiction: land vs. water, time of year
- Appropriate compensation for first responders is needed, equipment is increasingly expensive
- Consideration should be given to benefits and means for creating paid community responder positions: political will is needed



OVERVIEW (4/4)

- Learn from positive examples (e.g. Nunavik Arctic Survival Training Centre)
- Importance of public education on safety, e.g. SPOT devices, trip planning, properly loading boats, etc.
- Search and rescue needs don't exist in isolation "Trying to wake people up is a hard thing, because sometimes they don't see what we see"
- The mental health of first responders requires discussion and support, best practices for debriefing
- There is a need for knowledge transfer and increased support for training the next generation of first responders